
Quantum theory of light

Lecturer: Matthias Kleinmann (Tue 14:15, Room B030)

Exercises: Chau Nguyen (Mon 16:15, Room D120)

Sheet 11

Hand in: Tue 21.01.2020 (questions marked as * are optional)*Discussion date:* Mon 27.01.2020

24. Coupled qubits

Consider two two-level atoms A and B coupled via the Hamiltonian

$$H = \hbar\Omega(a \otimes a^\dagger + a^\dagger \otimes a), \quad (1)$$

where $a = |g\rangle\langle e|$

- (a) [5pts] Compute the super operator $\Lambda(t)$ for atom A , $\rho_A(t) = \Lambda(t)\rho_A(0)$ with the initial condition $\rho(0) = \rho_A(0) \otimes |g\rangle\langle g|$. On which basis one can conclude that $\Lambda(t)$ is completely positive?
- (c) [5pts] Show that $\Lambda(t+t') = \Lambda(t)\Lambda(t')$ does not hold.

25. Dephasing process

[10pts] Consider the dephasing channel, where, for $t > 0$,

$$\rho(t) = \Lambda(t)[\rho(0)] = \begin{pmatrix} a & e^{-t/\tau}b \\ e^{-t/\tau}b^* & 1-a \end{pmatrix}. \quad (2)$$

Follow the steps as in the lectures to arrive at a master equation of the form

$$\dot{\rho}(t) = \frac{-i}{\hbar}[H, \rho] + \sum_k \gamma_k \left(A_k \rho A_k^\dagger - \frac{1}{2} \{ A_k^\dagger A_k, \rho \} \right), \quad (3)$$

with H hermitian and $\gamma_k \geq 0$.

26. The decaying process

[5pts] Consider a two-level atom with the Hamiltonian

$$H = \frac{\hbar\omega}{2} (|e\rangle\langle e| - |g\rangle\langle g|) \quad (4)$$

and two single Lindblad operators

$$A_1 = |g\rangle\langle e|, A_2 = |e\rangle\langle g|. \quad (5)$$

Write down and solve the Lindblad equation.